# **Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering**

Notations :			
1.Options shown in green c			
2.Options shown in red colo	or and with 🍍 ico	on are incorrect.	
Question Paper Name:		TER SCIENCE AND INF	ORMATION TECHNOLOGY 7th Feb Shift1
Number of Questions: Total Marks:	65 100.0		
1 Otal Warks:	100.0		
Wrong answer for MCQ w	vill result in negative	e marks, (-1/3) for 1 mar	k Questions and (-2/3) for 2 marks Questions
		General Apt	ritude
Number of Questions:		10	
Section Marks:		15.0	
Q.1 to Q.5 carry 1 mark e	each & Q.6 to Q.10	carry 2 marks each.	
Question Number: 1 Question T	Type: MCQ		
Didn't you buy	wher	n you went shopping?	
(A) any paper (B)	much paper	(C) no paper	(D) a few paper
Options:			
1. 🗸 A			
2. 🏶 B			
3. <b>%</b> C			
4. * D			
Question Number : 2 Question T	Type : MCQ		
Which of the following opt	ions is the closest	in meaning to the sen	tence below?
She enjoyed herself immen	sely at the party.		
(A) She had a terrible time	at the party		
(B) She had a horrible time	at the party		
(C) She had a terrific time a	at the party		
(D) She had a terrifying tin	ne at the party		
Options:			
1. * A			
2. <b>%</b> B			
3. <b>✓</b> C			
4. * D			

**Question Number: 3 Question Type: MCQ** 

Which one o	of the following combinations	s is incorrect?		
(A) Acquies	cence - Submission			
	- Roundabout			
	y - Lightness			
(D) Profligat	te - Extravagant			
Options:				
1. 🏁 A				
2. 🖋 B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🗱 D				
Question Numb	er: 4 Question Type: MCQ			
Based on the	e given statements, select the	most appropriate option	n to solve the given question	on.
	in a certain building are 9 fe the first floor to the second		os are there in a set of stair	s that
State	ements:			
(I) (II)	Each step is 3/4 foot high. Each step is 1 foot wide.			
(B) Stateme (C) Both sta	ent I alone is sufficient, but so ent II alone is sufficient, but so atements together are sufficient ent I and II together are not so	statement I alone is not s ent, but neither statemen	sufficient.	
Options:				
1. 🖋 A				
2. 🍀 B				
3. 🗱 C				
4. 🗱 D				
Question Numb	er: 5 Question Type: MCQ			
	$= \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and Set $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$ and Set $B =$	The state of the s		ected,
(A) 0.20	(B) 0.25	(C) 0.30	(D) 0.33	
Options:				
1. 🖍 A				
2. 🏶 B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🕷 D				

**Question Number: 6 Question Type: MCQ** 

Select the alternative meaning of the underlined part of the sentence.

The chain snatchers took to their heels when the police party arrived.

- (A) took shelter in a thick jungle
- (B) open indiscriminate fire
- (C) took to flight
- (D) unconditionally surrendered

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. × D

# **Question Number: 7 Question Type: MCQ**

The given statement is followed by some courses of action. Assuming the statement to be true, decide the correct option.

#### Statement:

There has been a significant drop in the water level in the lakes supplying water to the city.

### Course of action:

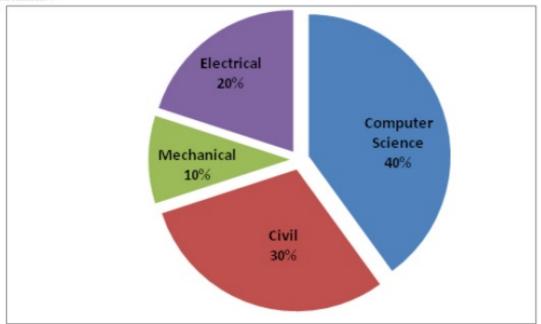
- The water supply authority should impose a partial cut in supply to tackle the situation.
- (II) The government should appeal to all the residents through mass media for minimal use of water.
- (III) The government should ban the water supply in lower areas.
- (A) Statements I and II follow.
- (B) Statements I and III follow.
- (C) Statements II and III follow.
- (D) All statements follow.

# **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. X C
- 4. \* D

 $Question\ Number: 8\ \ Question\ Type: NAT$ 

The pie chart below has the breakup of the number of students from different departments in an engineering college for the year 2012. The proportion of male to female students in each department is 5:4. There are 40 males in Electrical Engineering. What is the difference between the numbers of female students in the Civil department and the female students in the Mechanical department?



#### **Correct Answer:**

# **Question Number: 9 Question Type: MCQ**

The probabilities that a student passes in Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry are m, p, and c respectively. Of these subjects, the student has 75% chance of passing in at least one, a 50% chance of passing in at least two and a 40% chance of passing in exactly two. Following relations are drawn in m, p, c:

- p + m + c = 27/20(I)
- p + m + c = 13/20(II)
- (III) $(p)\times(m)\times(c) = 1/10$
- (A) Only relation I is true.
- (B) Only relation II is true.
- (C) Relations II and III are true.
- (D) Relations I and III are true.

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗸 D

**Question Number: 10 Question Type: MCQ** 

The number of students in a class who have answered correctly, wrongly, or not attempted each question in an exam, are listed in the table below. The marks for each question are also listed. There is no negative or partial marking.

Q No.	Marks	Answered Correctly	Answered Wrongly	Not Attempted
1	2	21	17	6
2	3	15	27	2
3	1	11	29	4
4	2	23	18	3
5	5	31	12	1

What is the average of the marks obtained by the class in the examination?

- (A) 2.290
- (B) 2.970
- (C) 6.795
- (D) 8.795

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

Computer Science and Information Technology

Number of Questions:

55

Section Marks:

85.0

Q.11 to Q.35 carry 1 mark each & Q.36 to Q.65 carry 2 marks each.

Question Number: 11 Question Type: MCQ

If 
$$g(x) = 1 - x$$
 and  $h(x) = \frac{x}{x - 1}$ , then  $\frac{g(h(x))}{h(g(x))}$  is:

- (A)  $\frac{h(x)}{g(x)}$
- (B)  $\frac{-1}{x}$
- (C)  $\frac{g(x)}{h(x)}$
- (D)  $\frac{x}{(1-x)^2}$

# **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. × D

**Question Number: 12 Question Type: MCQ** 

$$\lim_{x\to\infty} x^{1/x}$$
 is

(A) ∞

(B) 0

(C) 1

(D) Not defined

### **Options:**

1. × A

_	-00	_
9	-	-

# **Question Number: 13 Question Type: MCQ**

Match the following:

- (P) Prim's algorithm for minimum spanning tree
- (Q) Floyd-Warshall algorithm for all pairs shortest paths
- (R) Mergesort
- (S) Hamiltonian circuit

- (i) Backtracking
- (ii) Greedy method
- (iii) Dynamic programming
- (iv) Divide and conquer

**Options:** 

# **Question Number: 14 Question Type: MCQ**

Which one of the following is the recurrence equation for the worst case time complexity of the Quicksort algorithm for sorting  $n \ (\geq 2)$  numbers? In the recurrence equations given in the options below, c is a constant.

(A) 
$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + cn$$

(B) 
$$T(n) = T(n-1) + T(1) + cn$$

(C) 
$$T(n) = 2T(n-1) + cn$$

(D) 
$$T(n) = T(n/2) + cn$$

**Options:** 

# Question Number: 15 Question Type: MCQ

The height of a tree is the length of the longest root-to-leaf path in it. The maximum and minimum number of nodes in a binary tree of height 5 are

(A) 63 and 6, respectively

(B) 64 and 5, respectively

(C) 32 and 6, respectively

(D) 31 and 5, respectively

**Options**:

# **Question Number: 16 Question Type: MCQ**

# Match the following:

- (P) Condition coverage
- (Q) Equivalence class partitioning
- (R) Volume testing
- (S) Alpha testing
- (A) P-ii, Q-iii, R-i, S-iv
- (C) P-iii, Q-i, R-iv, S-ii

- Black-box testing
- (ii) System testing
- (iii) White-box testing
- (iv) Performance testing
  - (B) P-iii, Q-iv, R-ii, S- i
  - (D) P-iii, Q-i, R-ii, S-iv

# **Options:**

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. × B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 17 Question Type: MCQ**

Which of the following is/are correct inorder traversal sequence(s) of binary search tree(s)?

- I. 3, 5, 7, 8, 15, 19, 25
- 5, 8, 9, 12, 10, 15, 25 II.
- III 2, 7, 10, 8, 14, 16, 20
- IV. 4, 6, 7, 9 18, 20, 25
- (A) I and IV only (B) II and III only (C) II and IV only (D) II only

# **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. 🏶 C
- 4. \* D

### Question Number: 18 Question Type: MCQ

Which one of the following is TRUE at any valid state in shift-reduce parsing?

- (A) Viable prefixes appear only at the bottom of the stack and not inside
- (B) Viable prefixes appear only at the top of the stack and not inside
- (C) The stack contains only a set of viable prefixes
- (D) The stack never contains viable prefixes

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 19 Question Type: MCQ** 

Which one of the following is NOT equivalent to  $p \leftrightarrow q$ ?

$$(A) (\neg p \lor q) \land (p \lor \neg q)$$

(B) 
$$(\neg p \lor q) \land (q \rightarrow p)$$

(C) 
$$( \gamma p \land q) \lor (p \land \gamma q)$$

(D) 
$$( p \land q ) \lor (p \land q)$$

**Options:** 

- 1. 风 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

Question Number: 20 Question Type: MCQ

For a set A, the power set of A is denoted by  $2^A$ . If  $A = \{5, \{6\}, \{7\}\}$ , which of the following options are TRUE?

I. 
$$\emptyset \in 2^A$$

$$\Pi. \emptyset \subseteq 2^A$$

III. 
$$\{5, \{6\}\} \in 2^A$$
 IV.  $\{5, \{6\}\} \subseteq 2^A$ 

IV. 
$$\{5, \{6\}\}\subseteq 2^A$$

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 21 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider a 4-bit Johnson counter with an initial value of 0000. The counting sequence of this counter is

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗸 D

Question Number: 22 Question Type: MCQ

For computers based on three-address instruction formats, each address field can be used to specify which of the following:

- (S1) A memory operand
- (S2) A processor register
- (S3) An implied accumulator register
- (A) Either S1 or S2
- (B) Either S2 or S3
- (C) Only S2 and S3
- (D) All of S1, S2 and S3

Options:				
2. <b>%</b> B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🏶 D				
Suppos			_	n of the following statements
I.	If the sequence	e number of a segment	t is $m$ , then the sequen	ce number of the subsequent
П.	segment is alw	ays m+1.		ne is $t$ sec, the value of the
III. IV.	retransmission The size of the	timeout is always set to advertised window nev of unacknowledged byte	greater than or equal to er changes during the co	
(A) III	only	(B) I and III only	(C) I and IV only	(D) II and IV only
Options:  1. ★ A  2. ✔ B  3. ★ C  4. ★ D				
Question 1	Number : 24 Quest	tion Type : MCQ		
Suppos using s not be	se that everyone symmetric key o decodable by th	e in a group of N people cryptographic system. T	he communication bety	e secretly with the N-1 others ween any two persons should gired in the system as a whole
(A) 2N		(B) N(N-1)	(C) N(N-1)/2	(D) $(N-1)^2$
Options:  1. ★ A  2. ★ B  3. ✔ C  4. ★ D				
Question 1	Number : 25 Quest	tion Type : MCQ		
I.	XML overcom content.	g statements is/are FALS nes the limitations in HT	ML to support a structu	
II. III. IV.	XML supports	ation is not case sensitive user defined tags while d not be closed while H	HTML uses pre-define	d tags.
(A) II (	only	(B) I only	(C) II and IV only	(D) III and IV only
Options:				

1. 🗱 A

2. 🤏 B				
з. <b>У</b> С				
4. 🏶 D				
Question Numb	ber: 26 Ques	tion Type : MCQ		
Which one	of the follo	wing fields of an IP head	der is NOT modified by	a typical IP router?
(A) Checks	um		(B) Source address	
(C) Time to	Live (TTL	)	(D) Length	
Options:				
1. 🎇 A				
2. 🖋 B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🏶 D				
Question Numb	ber : 27 Ques	tion Type : MCQ		
		protocols given below, but and the server. Which		ise multiple TCP connections
(A) HTTP,	FTP	(B) HTTP, TELNET	(C) FTP, SMTP	(D) HTTP, SMTP
Options :				
1. 🖋 A				
2. 🏶 B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🏶 D				
Question Numb	ber : 28 Ques	tion Type : MCQ		
				is recursively enumerable but
not recursiv		f the following is/are necessary		
II.		ement of $L_1$ ) is recursive ement of $L_2$ ) is recursive		
	$\overline{L}_1$ is conte			
		recursively enumerable		
(A) I only		(B) III only	(C) III and IV only	(D) I and IV only
Options:				
1. 🏶 A				
2. 🏶 B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🖍 D				
Question Numb	ber : 29 Ques	tion Type : NAT		

Consider a system with byte-addressable memory, 32-bit logical addresses, 4 kilobyte page size and page table entries of 4 bytes each. The size of the page table in the system in megabytes is

**Correct Answer:** 

Question Number: 30 Question Type: NAT

The following two functions P1 and P2 that share a variable B with an initial value of 2 execute concurrently.

```
P1() {
                         P2() {
                         D = 2 * B;
     C = B - 1;
     B = 2 * C;
                             B = D - 1;
}
```

The number of distinct values that B can possibly take after the execution is

**Correct Answer:** 

Question Number: 31 Question Type: MCQ

SELECT operation in SQL is equivalent to

- (A) the selection operation in relational algebra
- (B) the selection operation in relational algebra, except that SELECT in SQL retains duplicates
- (C) the projection operation in relational algebra
- (D) the projection operation in relational algebra, except that SELECT in SQL retains duplicates

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗸 D

**Question Number: 32 Question Type: MCQ** 

A file is organized so that the ordering of data records is the same as or close to the ordering of data entries in some index. Then that index is called

- (A) Dense
- (B) Sparse (C) Clustered
- (D) Unclustered

**Options:** 

- 1. \* A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

In the LU decomposition of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ , if the diagonal elements of U are both 1, then the lower diagonal entry  $l_{22}$  of L is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

```
Correct Answer:
```

5

**Question Number: 34 Question Type: NAT** 

The output of the following C program is \_\_\_\_\_.

```
void f1(int a, int b) {
    int c;
    c=a; a=b; b=c;
}
void f2(int *a, int *b) {
    int c;
    c=*a; *a=*b; *b=c;
}
int main() {
    int a=4, b=5, c=6;
    f1(a,b);
    f2(&b, &c);
    printf("%d",c-a-b);
}
```

#### **Correct Answer:**

-5

**Question Number: 35 Question Type: MCQ** 

What are the worst-case complexities of insertion and deletion of a key in a binary search tree?

- (A)  $\theta(\log n)$  for both insertion and deletion
- (B)  $\theta(n)$  for both insertion and deletion
- (C)  $\theta(n)$  for insertion and  $\theta(\log n)$  for deletion
- (D)  $\theta(\log n)$  for insertion and  $\theta(n)$  for deletion

# **Options:**

```
1. 🏁 A
```

2. 🖋 B

3. \* C

4. × D

**Question Number: 36 Question Type: NAT** 

Suppose that the stop-and-wait protocol is used on a link with a bit rate of 64 kilobits per second and 20 milliseconds propagation delay. Assume that the transmission time for the acknowledgement and the processing time at nodes are negligible. Then the minimum frame size in bytes to achieve a link utilization of at least 50% is

#### **Correct Answer:**

160

# **Question Number: 37 Question Type: MCQ**

Consider a max heap, represented by the array: 40, 30, 20, 10, 15, 16, 17, 8, 4.

Array Index	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Value	40	30	20	10	15	16	17	8	4

Now consider that a value 35 is inserted into this heap. After insertion, the new heap is

- (A) 40, 30, 20, 10, 15, 16, 17, 8, 4, 35
- (B) 40, 35, 20, 10, 30, 16, 17, 8, 4, 15
- (C) 40, 30, 20, 10, 35, 16, 17, 8, 4, 15 (D) 40, 35, 20, 10, 15, 16, 17, 8, 4, 30

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. × C
- 4. \* D

### **Question Number: 38 Question Type: NAT**

Consider the following C program segment.

```
while (first <= last)
{
      if (array[middle] < search)
         first = middle + 1;
      else if (array[middle] == search)
                found = TRUE;
           else last = middle - 1;
      middle = (first + last)/2;
if (first > last) notPresent = TRUE;
```

The cyclomatic complexity of the program segment is

#### 5

### **Question Number: 39 Question Type: NAT**

Consider a LAN with four nodes  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $S_3$  and  $S_4$ . Time is divided into fixed-size slots, and a node can begin its transmission only at the beginning of a slot. A collision is said to have occurred if more than one node transmit in the same slot. The probabilities of generation of a frame in a time slot by  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $S_3$  and  $S_4$  are 0.1, 0.2, 0.3 and 0.4, respectively. The probability of sending a frame in the first slot without any collision by any of these four stations is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

### **Correct Answer:**

0.40 to 0.46

Question Number: 40 Question Type: MCQ

The binary operator  $\neq$  is defined by the following truth table.

р	q	$p \neq q$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Which one of the following is true about the binary operator  $\neq$ ?

- (A) Both commutative and associative
- (B) Commutative but not associative
- (C) Not commutative but associative
- (D) Neither commutative nor associative

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. **%** B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 41 Question Type: NAT** 

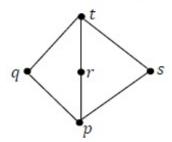
$$\sum_{x=1}^{99} \frac{1}{x(x+1)} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}.$$

#### **Correct Answer:**

0.99

**Question Number : 42 Question Type : MCQ** 

Suppose  $\mathcal{L} = \{p, q, r, s, t\}$  is a lattice represented by the following Hasse diagram:



For any  $x, y \in \mathcal{L}$ , not necessarily distinct,  $x \vee y$  and  $x \wedge y$  are join and meet of x, y, respectively. Let  $\mathcal{L}^3 = \{(x, y, z) : x, y, z \in \mathcal{L}\}$  be the set of all ordered triplets of the elements of  $\mathcal{L}$ . Let  $p_r$  be the probability that an element  $(x, y, z) \in \mathcal{L}^3$  chosen equiprobably satisfies  $x \vee (y \wedge z) = (x \vee y) \wedge (x \vee z)$ . Then

- $(A) p_r = 0$
- (B)  $p_r = 1$
- (C)  $0 < p_r \le \frac{1}{5}$
- (D)  $\frac{1}{5} < p_r < 1$

**Options:** 

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🖋 D

Question Number: 43 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the operations

f(X,Y,Z) = X'YZ + XY' + Y'Z' and g(X,Y,Z) = X'YZ + X'YZ' + XY.

Which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both  $\{f\}$  and  $\{g\}$  are functionally complete
- (B) Only {f} is functionally complete
- (C) Only {g} is functionally complete
- (D) Neither {f} nor {g} is functionally complete

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. \* C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 44 Question Type: NAT** 

Let G be a connected planar graph with 10 vertices. If the number of edges on each face is three, then the number of edges in G is \_\_\_\_\_.

#### **Correct Answer:**

24

# Question Number: 45 Question Type: MCQ

Let  $a_n$  represent the number of bit strings of length n containing two consecutive 1s. What is the recurrence relation for  $a_n$ ?

(A) 
$$a_{n-2} + a_{n-1} + 2^{n-2}$$

(B) 
$$a_{n-2} + 2a_{n-1} + 2^{n-2}$$

(C) 
$$2a_{n-2} + a_{n-1} + 2^{n-2}$$

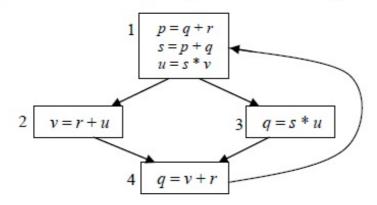
(D) 
$$2a_{n-2} + 2a_{n-1} + 2^{n-2}$$

# **Options:**

# **Question Number: 46 Question Type: MCQ**

A variable x is said to be live at a statement  $S_i$  in a program if the following three conditions hold simultaneously:

- There exists a statement S<sub>i</sub> that uses x
- There is a path from S<sub>i</sub> to S<sub>i</sub> in the flow graph corresponding to the program
- iii. The path has no intervening assignment to x including at  $S_i$  and  $S_j$



The variables which are live both at the statement in basic block 2 and at the statement in basic block 3 of the above control flow graph are

(B) 
$$r$$
,  $s$ ,  $u$ 

# **Options:**

**Question Number: 47 Question Type: NAT** 

The least number of temporary variables required to create a three-address code in static single assignment form for the expression q + r/3 + s - t \* 5 + u \* v/w is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

### **Correct Answer:**

8

## **Question Number: 48 Question Type: NAT**

Consider an Entity-Relationship (ER) model in which entity sets  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  are connected by an m:n relationship  $R_{12}$ .  $E_1$  and  $E_3$  are connected by a 1:n (1 on the side of  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  on the side of  $E_3$ ) relationship  $E_3$ .

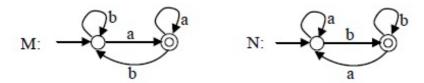
 $E_1$  has two single-valued attributes  $a_{11}$  and  $a_{12}$  of which  $a_{11}$  is the key attribute.  $E_2$  has two single-valued attributes  $a_{21}$  and  $a_{22}$  of which  $a_{21}$  is the key attribute.  $E_3$  has two single-valued attributes  $a_{31}$  and  $a_{32}$  of which  $a_{31}$  is the key attribute. The relationships do not have any attributes.

If a relational model is derived from the above ER model, then the minimum number of relations that would be generated if all the relations are in 3NF is \_\_\_\_\_.

### **Correct Answer:**

4

Question Number: 49 Question Type: NAT



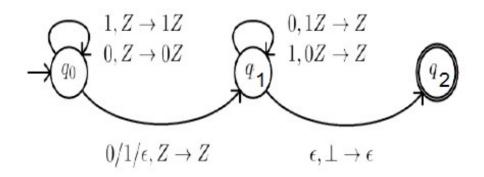
Consider the DFAs M and N given above. The number of states in a minimal DFA that accepts the language  $L(M) \cap L(N)$  is \_\_\_\_\_

# **Correct Answer:**

1

**Question Number: 50 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the NPDA  $(Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}, \sum = \{0,1\}, \Gamma = \{0,1,\bot\}, \delta, q_0, \bot, \Gamma = \{q_2\})$ , where (as per usual convention) Q is the set of states,  $\sum$  is the input alphabet,  $\Gamma$  is the stack alphabet,  $\delta$  is the state transition function,  $q_0$  is the initial state,  $\bot$  is the initial stack symbol, and  $\Gamma$  is the set of accepting states. The state transition is as follows:



Which one of the following sequences must follow the string 101100 so that the overall string is accepted by the automaton?

- (A) 10110
- (B) 10010
- (C) 01010
- (D) 01001

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. X C
- 4. \* D

Question Number: 51 Question Type: MCQ

Let G = (V, E) be a simple undirected graph, and s be a particular vertex in it called the source. For  $x \in V$ , let d(x) denote the shortest distance in G from s to x. A breadth first search (BFS) is performed starting at s. Let T be the resultant BFS tree. If (u,v) is an edge of G that is not in T, then which one of the following CANNOT be the value of d(u) - d(v)?

(A) -1

(B) 0

(C) 1

(D) 2

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🖋 D

**Question Number: 52 Question Type: NAT** 

Consider a uniprocessor system executing three tasks T<sub>1</sub>, T<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>3</sub>, each of which is composed of an infinite sequence of jobs (or instances) which arrive periodically at intervals of 3, 7 and 20 milliseconds, respectively. The priority of each task is the inverse of its period, and the available tasks are scheduled in order of priority, with the highest priority task scheduled first. Each instance of T<sub>1</sub>, T<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>3</sub> requires an execution time of 1, 2 and 4 milliseconds, respectively. Given that all tasks initially arrive at the beginning of the 1<sup>st</sup> millisecond and task preemptions are allowed, the first instance of T<sub>3</sub> completes its execution at the end of milliseconds.

•		
Correct	Ancwer	•
Correct	1 X 11 15 VV C I	•

12

# **Question Number: 53 Question Type: MCQ**

A positive edge-triggered D flip-flop is connected to a positive edge-triggered JK flip-flop as follows. The Q output of the D flip-flop is connected to both the J and K inputs of the JK flip-flop, while the Q output of the JK flip-flop is connected to the input of the D flip-flop. Initially, the output of the D flip-flop is set to logic one and the output of the JK flip-flop is cleared. Which one of the following is the bit sequence (including the initial state) generated at the Q output of the JK flip-flop when the flip-flops are connected to a free-running common clock? Assume that J = K = 1 is the toggle mode and J = K = 0 is the state-holding mode of the JK flip-flop. Both the flip-flops have non-zero propagation delays.

(A) 0110110...

(B) 0100100...

(C) 011101110...

(D) 011001100...

### **Options:**

1. 🗸 A

2. 🏶 B

3. X C

4. × D

# **Question Number: 54 Question Type: NAT**

Consider a disk pack with a seek time of 4 milliseconds and rotational speed of 10000 rotations per minute (RPM). It has 600 sectors per track and each sector can store 512 bytes of data. Consider a file stored in the disk. The file contains 2000 sectors. Assume that every sector access necessitates a seek, and the average rotational latency for accessing each sector is half of the time for one complete rotation. The total time (in milliseconds) needed to read the entire file is

**Correct Answer:** 

14020

**Question Number: 55 Question Type: NAT** 

Consider a non-pipelined processor with a clock rate of 2.5 gigahertz and average cycles per instruction of four. The same processor is upgraded to a pipelined processor with five stages; but due to the internal pipeline delay, the clock speed is reduced to 2 gigahertz. Assume that there are no stalls in the pipeline. The speed up achieved in this pipelined processor is

#### **Correct Answer:**

3.2

# **Question Number: 56 Question Type: NAT**

Suppose the following disk request sequence (track numbers) for a disk with 100 tracks is given: 45, 20, 90, 10, 50, 60, 80, 25, 70. Assume that the initial position of the R/W head is on track 50. The additional distance that will be traversed by the R/W head when the Shortest Seek Time First (SSTF) algorithm is used compared to the SCAN (Elevator) algorithm (assuming that SCAN algorithm moves towards 100 when it starts execution) is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tracks.

#### **Correct Answer:**

10

# Question Number: 57 Question Type: MCQ

Consider a main memory with five page frames and the following sequence of page references: 3, 8, 2, 3, 9, 1, 6, 3, 8, 9, 3, 6, 2, 1, 3. Which one of the following is true with respect to page replacement policies First In First Out (FIFO) and Least Recently Used (LRU)?

- (A) Both incur the same number of page faults
- (B) FIFO incurs 2 more page faults than LRU
- (C) LRU incurs 2 more page faults than FIFO
- (D) FIFO incurs 1 more page faults than LRU

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 58 Question Type: NAT** 

$$\int_{1/\pi}^{2/\pi} \frac{\cos(1/x)}{x^2} dx = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

#### **Correct Answer:**

# Question Number: 59 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following  $2 \times 2$  matrix A where two elements are unknown and are marked by a and b. The eigenvalues of this matrix are -1 and 7. What are the values of a and b?

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ b & a \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (A) a = 6, b = 4
- (B) a = 4, b = 6
- (C) a = 3, b = 5
- (D) a = 5, b = 3

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🖋 D

# **Question Number: 60 Question Type: MCQ**

An algorithm performs  $(\log N)^{1/2}$  find operations, N insert operations,  $(\log N)^{1/2}$  delete operations, and  $(\log N)^{1/2}$  decrease-key operations on a set of data items with keys drawn from a linearly ordered set. For a delete operation, a pointer is provided to the record that must be deleted. For the decrease-key operation, a pointer is provided to the record that has its key decreased. Which one of the following data structures is the most suited for the algorithm to use, if the goal is to achieve the best total asymptotic complexity considering all the operations?

(A) Unsorted array

(B) Min-heap

(C) Sorted array

(D) Sorted doubly linked list

**Options:** 

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. \* C
- 4. × D

**Question Number: 61 Question Type: NAT** 

Consider the following relations:

C	┺.		١.	
2	и	ĸ	le	$\mathbf{n}$

Roll No	Student_Name
1	Raj
2	Rohit
3	Raj

# Performance

Roll No	Course	Marks
1	Math	80
1	English	70
2	Math	75
3	English	80
2	Physics	65
3	Math	80

Consider the following SQL query.

```
SELECT S.Student Name, sum (P.Marks)
FROM Student S, Performance P
WHERE S.Roll No = P.Roll No
GROUP BY S.Student Name
```

The number of rows that will be returned by the SQL query is

**Correct Answer:** 

Question Number: 62 Question Type: MCQ

What is the output of the following C code? Assume that the address of x is 2000 (in decimal) and an integer requires four bytes of memory.

```
int main () {
         unsigned int x[4][3] =
           \{\{1,2,3\},\{4,5,6\},\{7,8,9\},\{10,11,12\}\};
         printf("%u, %u, %u", x+3, *(x+3), *(x+2)+3);
}
```

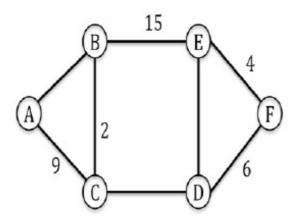
- (A) 2036, 2036, 2036 (B) 2012, 4, 2204 (C) 2036, 10, 10 (D) 2012, 4, 6

**Options:** 

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. \* C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 63 Question Type: NAT** 

The graph shown below has 8 edges with distinct integer edge weights. The minimum spanning tree (MST) is of weight 36 and contains the edges: {(A, C), (B, C), (B, E), (E, F), (D, F)}. The edge weights of only those edges which are in the MST are given in the figure shown below. The minimum possible sum of weights of all 8 edges of this graph is \_\_\_\_\_\_.



#### **Correct Answer:**

69

Question Number: 64 Question Type: MCQ Consider the following C function.

Which one of the following most closely approximates the return value of the function fun1?

(A)  $n^3$ 

(B)  $n(\log n)^2$ 

(C)  $n \log n$ 

(D)  $n \log(\log n)$ 

# **Options:**

1. 🗱 A

2. 🏶 B

3. **%** C

4. 🗸 D

**Question Number: 65 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the following pseudo code, where x and y are positive integers.

```
\begin{array}{c} \text{begin} \\ \text{q} := 0 \\ \text{r} := \text{x} \\ \text{while} \ r \geq y \ \text{do} \\ \text{begin} \\ \text{r} := \text{r} - \text{y} \\ \text{q} := \text{q} + 1 \\ \text{end} \\ \end{array}
```

The post condition that needs to be satisfied after the program terminates is

(A) 
$$\{r = qx + y \land r < y\}$$

(B) 
$$\{x = qy + r \land r < y\}$$

(C) 
$$\{ y = qx + r \land 0 < r < y \}$$

(D) 
$$\{q+1 < r-y \land y > 0\}$$

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. \* D